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#### **Technical Data of Gearbox**

### Definition and Function of Gearbox

It is a speed converter using gears and an instrumental device to reduce the rpm of motor into the required rpm and get a bigger torque.

### **(iii)** The Kind of DKM Gearbox

#### According to Frame Size

Frame Size  $\square$  60mm Gearbox / Frame Size  $\square$  70mm Gearbox / Frame Size  $\square$  80mm Gearbox / Frame Size  $\square$  90mm Gearbox / Frame Size  $\square$  104mm Gearbox

#### According to Direction of Output Shaft of Gearbox

#### Parallel Gearbox

Parallel Gearbox is the most common type in small geared motor. DKM employs spur type and helical type. Especially the helical gear is employed for the low-noise and high-strength performance. Regarding noise the important part in gear is the contacting point with motor shaft which rotating rapidly. DKM employed helical gear which cut high precisely in that point and realized low-noise performance.

General Box Type (GB Type)	Powerful Box Type (PB Type)	Powerful Flange Type (PF Type)	High Powerful Box Type (HB Type)	High Powerful Flange Type (HF Type)	Ultra Powerful Box Type (UB Type)	Inter-decimal Gearbox
The state of the s	TO THE REAL PROPERTY OF THE PERTY OF THE PER					ALLANDON TORREST TORREST
	Spur Gear			Helica	l Gear	
The spur gear is cylindrical gear on which the teeth are cut parallel to the shaft.			The helical gear cut in helical cur Its high rate of c has the advanta low noise and hi strength compar the spur gear.	rve. contact ges of igher		

#### Worm Gearbox

Worm Gearbox has the advantage of using the limited space with high efficiency and realizes the cost saving effect by the reduction of using power transmission part like coupling. DKM has worm solid type (for up to 120W) and worm hollow type (for 60W~200W).



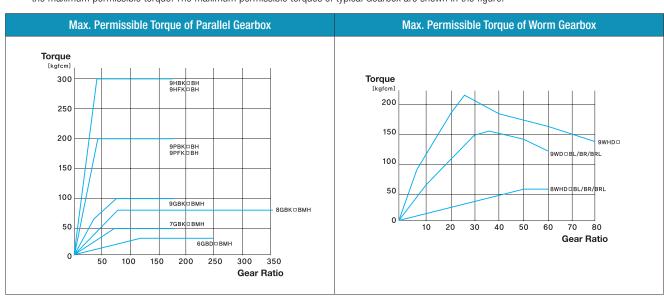


#### List of Gearbox Type

ī	ype	Motor Output	Gearbox Model	Bearing Type	Frame Type
		6W	6GBD□MH	Metal Bearing	Box Type
	G type	6W, 10W, 15W	7GBK□BMH	Ball Bearing + Metal Bearing	Box Type
	(General)	15W, 25W	8GBK□BMH	Ball Bearing + Metal Bearing	Box Type
		40W	9GBK□BMH	Ball Bearing + Metal Bearing	Box Type
Parallel	P Type	60W~120W	9PBK□BH	Ball Bearing	Box Type
Gearbox	(Powerful)	90VV-120VV	9PFK□BH	Ball Bearing	Flange Type
	Н Туре	0004/ 00004/	9HBK□BH	Ball Bearing	Box Type
	(High Powerful)	60W~200W	9HFK□BH	Ball Bearing	Flange Type
	U Type (Ultra Powerful)	250W, 300W, 400W	10UBK□BH	Ball Bearing	Box Type
	W Type	40W~120W	8WD□BL/BR/BRL	Ball Bearing	-
	(Worm Solid)	60W~200W	9WD□BL/BR/BRL	Ball Bearing	_
Worm		60W~200W	9WHD□-030	Ball Bearing	-
Gearbox	WH Type	150W~200W	9WHD□-040	Ball Bearing	-
	(Worm Hollow	250W, 300W 400W	10WHD□-040	Ball Bearing	-
Inton docine		15W, 25W	8XD10□□	Metal Bearing	Box Type
Inter-decimal		40W~200W	9XD10□□	Ball Bearing	Box Type

### Maximum Permissible Torque and Efficiency of Gearbox

The output torque of Gearbox is in proportion to the gear ratio. But there is limit in the size of load which can be applied to the Gearbox in specific gear ratio depending on gear construction and materials etc. affecting the Gearbox mechanical strength. This torque is called the maximum permissible torque. The maximum permissible torques of typical Gearbox are shown in the figure.



• The calculation of permissible torque at output shaft of Gearbox is as below:

#### $TG = TM \times i \times r$

TG: Output torque of Gearbox TM: Motor torque

e i: Gear reduction ratio

 $\eta$ : Gearbox efficiency



#### **Technical Data of Gearbox**

#### Efficiency of Parallel Gearbox

Model Ratio	2	3	3.6	5	6	7.5	9	10	13	15	18	20	25	30	36	40	50	60	75	90	100	120	150	180	200	250	300	360
6GBD□MH																												
7GBK□BMH						040/								700/								0.0	201					
8GBK□BMH						81%	1							73%								66	)%					
9GBK□BMH																												
9PB(F)K□BH				0	10/					70	0.07				00	20/							г.	١٥/				
9HB(F)K□BH				8	1%					73	3%				66	70							58	9%				
10UBK□BH				81%	,				73%					66	%								59	9%				

<sup>\*</sup> The efficiency of Inter-decimal Gearbox (8XD10M□, 9XD10M□) is 81%.

#### Efficiency of Worm Gearbox

Model Ratio	7.5	10	12	15	18	20	25	30	36	40	50	60	80
9WHD□-030													
9WHD□-040				60%						55	5%		
10WHD□-040													

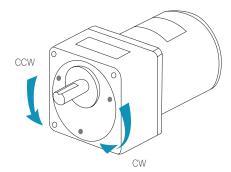
### Speed and Direction of Rotations

#### Speed

This refers to the speed of rotation in the Gearbox output shaft. The speed is calculated by dividing the motor's synchronous speed by the gear ratio. The actual speed, according to the load condition, is  $2\sim20\%$  less than the displayed value. The speed is calculated with the following equation:

#### Direction of Rotation

This refers to the direction of rotation viewed from the output shaft. The direction of Gearbox shaft rotation may differ from motor shaft rotation depending on the gear ratio of the Gearbox.



#### Rotating Direction of Gearbox Output Shaft

· ·					•																							
Ratio Model	2	3	3.6	5	6	7.5	9	10	13	15	18	20	25	30	36	40	50	60	75	90	100	120	150	180	200	250	300	360
6GBD□MH	-																										-	_
7GBK□BMH	-			_				_				-				-									-	-	-	-
8GBK□BMH								-				-																
9GBK□BMH												-													-	-	-	-
9PB(F)K□BH								_																	-	-	-	-
9НВ(F)К□ВН	-			-		-		-								_									_	-	-	-
10UBK□BH	-																											

not available
 same direction as the motor
 opposite direction as the motor

<sup>\*</sup> In case of using inter-decimal Gearbox, the rotating speed of output shaft will reduce by 10:1 but the rotating direction is the same as the Gearbox's direction.



### Gearbox Life Expectancy and Service Factor

• Life expectancy of Gearbox varies depending on load fluctuation and is determined by the 'service factor' based on its load. Service factor is a coefficient which is used to estimate the service life of the Gearbox. This value is generally derived from experience and based on type of the load and operating conditions. The standard life can be expected when the product is operated at service factor 1.0. The life of a component during particular application is estimated by dividing the standard life expectancy by the service factor. For example, if the motor is operating with an ordinary load for 8 continuous hours a day, the service factor is 1.0. Thus, if the operation continues within the permissible torque for the Gearbox and within the range of prescribed temperature (letting the Gearbox case temperature stay below 50°C), the life expectancy of the Gearbox is 10,000 hours for the ball bearing type and 2,000 hours for the metal type. However, if a ball bearing type of Gearbox is operating for 24 hours a day, the service factor becomes 1.5 so that the life expectancy decreases to 1/1.5. Therefore the service factor should be taken into account to select such a motor and a Gearbox which have biggest permissible torque.

#### Example of Load and Service Factor

Time of Load		Service Factor		Oneveties Evenue
Type of Load	5 hours/day	8 hours/day	24 hours/day	Operation Example
Constant	0.8	1.0	1.5	Unidirectional, continuous run
Light impact/Changeable load	1.2	1.5	2.0	Frequent start/stop, reverse
Heavy impact	1.5	2.0	2.5	Very frequent start/stop, reverse

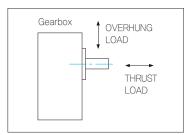
#### Standard Life Expectancy

Ball Bearing Type*	10,000 hours
Metal Bearing Type	2,000 hours

st 5,000 hours when used on reversible motor

### Overhung Load and Thrust Load

The overhung load is defined as a load applied to the output shaft in the right-angle direction. This
load is generated when the Gearbox is coupled to the machine using a chain, belt, etc., but not when
the Gearbox is directly connected to the coupling. The thrust load is defined as a load applied to the
output shaft in the axial direction.



Since the overhung load exerts a load directly on the bearing, it affects the life span of the Gearbox.
 The overhung load can be calculated from the following equation.

$$W = \frac{KxTxf}{r} [kg]$$

W: Overhung load [kg]

K: Weight coefficient by driving method (refer to the right table)

T: Delivery force of a Gearbox output shaft [kgfcm]

F: Service factor

R: Effective radius of gear, pulley, etc. [cm]

#### Load Coefficient by Driving Method

Driving Method	K
Chain, Sprocket	1
Gear	1.25
V-Belt	1.5
Plat-Belt	2.5

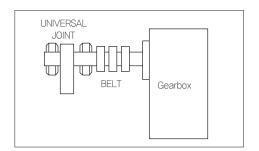


#### **Technical Data of Gearbox**

• If the motor operates with the calculated overhung load exceeds the maximum allowable value in below table, the output shaft may bend and the fatigue deformation may occur due to the repeated load. So consider it and take care in sizing.

		Permissible 0v	erhung Load N	Permissible Thrust Load
Model	Gear Ratio	10mm Distance from Shaft End	20mm Distance from Shaft End	N N
6GBD□MH	3 ~ 18	50	80	30
ОЗВВЕМН	20 ~ 250	120	180	30
7GBK□BMH	3 ~ 18	80	120	40
/GBK BMH	25 ~ 180	150	250	40
8GBK□BMH	3 ~ 18	100	150	50
одыхывын	25 ~ 200	200	300	50
9GBK□BMH	3 ~ 18	250	350	100
ЭСВКОВМИ	25 ~ 180	300	450	100
0001/-011	3 ~ 9	400	500	
9PBK□BH 9PFK□BH	12.5 ~ 20	450	600	150
0.1.10	25 ~ 200	500	700	
9HBK□BH 9HFK□BH	50 ~ 200	400	600	150
8WD□BL 8WD□BR 8WD□BRL	10 ~ 60	300	450	100
9WD□BL 9WD□BR 9WD□BRL	10 ~ 60	500	700	150

- In the case of that calculated overhung load value exceeds above allowable value, please set up the structure of the motor as below to withstand the overhung load.
- Also, if a load should be directly imposed on the output shaft, please place the load as near to the Gearbox as possible to avoid the one-sided load.
- In the case of that a helical gear or a worm gear is employed as an output delivery mechanism, make sure not to exceed both the overhung load and the thrust load simultaneously.



### Backlash Noise of Gearbox

#### Operating Noise of Gearbox

The backlash noise can be indicated by operating noise value. DKM Gearbox's operating noise is like below.

Frame Size	Limit of Operating Noise
70mm	40dB
80mm	42dB
90mm	49dB

Reference i) Operating noise value is the value measured beside Gearbox with 1m distance.

ii) dB (decibel) is a unit of measurement which is used to indicate how loud a sound is. iii) Level of operating noise (Ref. value)

20dB — The sound of a leaf is shaking

30dB — The sound in suburb of city in night time

40dB — The sound in a silent park 50dB — The sound in a silent office



#### The Check Point of Gearbox Noise

#### Noise in No Load

The backlash noise depends on the situation of load. For example, in case of no load rotation, gear could pop and crash between them therefore there could be little vibration and it could cause noise. This noise can be restrained and controlled by carrying some friction load.

#### Noise in Mounting with Load

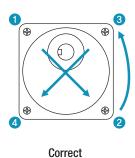
When mounting is not good in mounting plate, there could be some noise by vibration caused from eccentric force. In this case, please check the mounting situation.

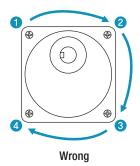
#### Noise of Damaged Gear

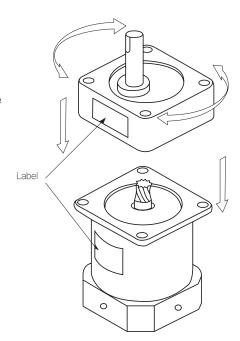
In assembly Gearbox and motor, users have to turn the Gearbox slowly according to the shape of pinion. Otherwise gear could get damaged. And by over load gear could get damaged. As a result there may some abnormal noise in Gearbox. So please handle Gearbox with special care in assembly.

### Assembly Method of Motor and Gearbox

- To assemble the motor and the Gearbox, adjust the assembling faces together in such a way as shown in below figure and turn slowly to complete the assembly. When doing the assembly, special care should be taken neither to exert excessive force on the motor shaft nor to hit inside of the Gearbox. Otherwise, the gear will get damaged, resulting in an abnormal noise and a shortened lifetime of the motor.
- Use the provided mounting screws for set mounting of Gearbox and motor, and tighten the screws correctly. Be sure there is no-gab between motor flange, Gearbox surface and the mounting surface.









#### **Parallel Gearbox**



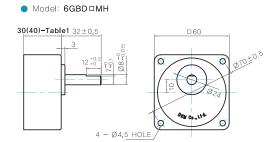
### ⑤ Frame Size 60mm Model: 6GBD □ MH – Max. Permissible Torque

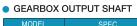
 $\ensuremath{^{\star}}$  These are reference figures when the Gearbox is attached to the induction motor.

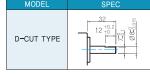
	Gear	Ratio	3	3.6	5	6	7.5	9	10	12.5	15	18	20	25	30	36	40	50	60	75	90	100	120	150	180	200	250
Moto Outpi	60Hz	u loo i o	600	500	360	300	240	200	180	144	120	100	90	72	60	50	45	36	30	24	20	18	15	12	10	9	7.2
Outpo	 50Hz	r/min	500	417	300	250	200	166	150	120	100	83	75	60	50	41	37	30	25	20	16	15	12	10	8	7.5	6
6W	60Hz	kafcm	1.0	1.3	1.7	2.1	2.6	3.1	3.5	4.4	5.2	6.3	6.3	7.9	9.5	11.3	12.6	14.3	17.1	21.4	25.7	28.6	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0
000	50Hz	Kalciii	1.2	1.4	2.0	2.3	2.9	3.5	3.9	4.9	5.9	7.0	7.1	8.8	10.6	12.7	14.1	16.0	19.2	24.0	28.8	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0

- 1) Enter the gear ratio in the box ( $\square$ ) within the Gearbox model name.
- 2) A colored background indicates gear shaft rotation in the same direction as the motor shaft; a white background indicates rotation in the opposite direction.
- 3) The rotating speed is calculated by dividing the motor's synchronous speed (50Hz: 1,500r/min, 60Hz: 1,800r/min) by the gear ratio. The actual speed is  $2{\sim}20\%$  less than the displayed value, depending on the size of the load.
- 4) Caculation of N.m = kgfcm X 0.98

### Dimensions



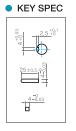




#### 30(40)-Table1

SIZE(mm)	GEAR RATIO
30	6GBD3MH - 6GBD18MH
40	6GBD20MH - 6GBD250MH

#### WEIGHT



Model	WEIGHT(Kg)
6GBD3MH ∼ 6GBD18MH	0.3
6GBD20MH ∼ 6GBD40MH	0 <u>.</u> 32
6GBD50MH ~ 6GBD250MH	0.34

### Frame Size 70mm Model: 7GBK BMH - Max. Permissible Torque

\* These are reference figures when the Gearbox is attached to the induction motor.

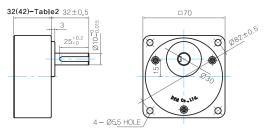
	Gear	Ratio	3	3.6	6	7.5	9	12.5	15	18	25	30	36	50	60	75	90	100	120	150	180
Motor Output	60Hz	r/min	600	500	300	240	200	144	120	100	72	60	50	36	30	24	20	18	15	12	10
Output	50Hz	1/111111	500	416	250	200	166	120	100	83	60	50	41	30	25	20	16	15	12.5	10	8.3
6W	60Hz		1.4	1.6	2.7	3.4	4.1	5.7	6.8	8.2	10.3	12.4	13.5	18.7	22.4	28.1	33.7	37.4	44.9	50.0	50.0
	50Hz		1.7	2.1	3.5	4.4	5.2	7.3	8.7	10.5	13.1	15.8	17.1	23.8	28.6	35.7	42.8	47.6	50.0	50.0	50.0
10W	60Hz	kafem	1.7	2.1	3.4	4.3	5.2	7.2	8.6	10.3	12.9	15.5	16.9	23.5	28.2	35.2	42.2	46.9	50.0	50.0	50.0
10 00	50Hz	Kgrem	2.1	2.5	4.2	5.2	6.3	8.7	10.5	12.5	15.8	18.9	20.6	28.6	34.3	42.8	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
15W	60Hz		2.5	3.0	5.0	6.2	7.5	10.4	12.5	14.9	18.8	22.5	24.5	34.0	40.8	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
13 W	50Hz		3.5	4.2	7.0	8.7	10.5	14.5	17.4	20.9	26.3	31.5	34.3	47.6	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0

- 1) Enter the gear ratio in the box  $(\Box)$  within the Gearbox model name.
- 2) A colored background indicates gear shaft rotation in the same direction as the motor shaft; a white background indicates rotation in the opposite direction.
- 3) The rotating speed is calculated by dividing the motor's synchronous speed (50Hz: 1,500r/min, 60Hz: 1,800r/min) by the gear ratio. The actual speed is  $2\sim20\%$  less than the displayed value, depending on the size of the load. 4) Caculation of N.m  $\rightleftharpoons$  kgfcm X 0.98



### **(iii)** Dimensions





#### GEARBOX OUTPUT SHAFT

MODEL	SPEC
KEY TYPE	32 25 <sup>+0.2</sup> 25 <sub>+0</sub> 0 0

#### 32(42)-Table2

SIZE(mm)	GEAR RATIO
32	7GBK3BMH - 7GBK18BMH
42	7GBK25BMH - 7GBK180BMH

#### WEIGHT

KEY SPEC

Model	WEIGHT(Kg)
7GBK3BMH ∼ 7GBK18BMH	0.36
7GBK25BMH ∼ 7GBK30BMH	0.44
7GBK36MH ~ 7GBK180MH	0.5

### ⑤ Frame Size 80mm Model: 8GBK□BMH Max. Permissible Torque

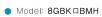
 $\ensuremath{^{\star}}$  These are reference figures when the Gearbox is attached to the induction motor.

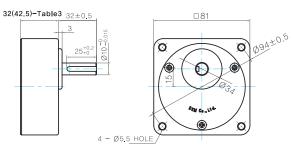
	Gear	Ratio	3	3.6	5	6	7.5	9	12.5	15	18	25	30	36
Motor Output	60Hz	r/min	600	500	360	300	240	200	144	120	100	72	60	50
σαιραι	50Hz	1/111111	500	417	300	250	200	167	120	100	83	60	50	42
15W	60Hz		3.0	3.6	5.0	6.0	7.5	9.0	12.5	14.9	17.9	22.5	27.0	29.4
15 W	50Hz	kgfcm	3.5	4.2	5.8	7.0	8.7	10.5	14.5	17.4	20.9	26.3	31.5	34.3
25W	60Hz	Kgiciii	4.5	5.4	7.5	9.0	11.2	13.4	18.7	22.4	26.9	33.8	40.5	44.1
25W	50Hz		5.5	6.6	9.1	11.0	13.7	16.4	22.8	27.4	32.9	41.3	49.5	53.9

	Gear	Ratio	40	50	60	75	90	100	120	150	180	200	250	300	360
Motor Output	60Hz		45	36	30	24	20	18	15	12	10	9	7	6	5
Output	50Hz	r/min	38	30	25	20	17	15	13	10	8	7	6	5	5
15W	60Hz		32.6	40.8	49.0	61.2	73.4	80.0	80.0	80.0	80.0	80.0	80.0	80.0	80.0
1500	50Hz	kgfcm	38.1	47.6	57.1	71.4	80.0	80.0	80.0	80.0	80.0	80.0	80.0	80.0	80.0
25W	60Hz	Kgiciii	49.0	61.2	73.4	80.0	80.0	80.0	80.0	80.0	80.0	80.0	80.0	80.0	80.0
25W	50Hz		59.8	74.8	80.0	80.0	80.0	80.0	80.0	80.0	80.0	80.0	80.0	80.0	80.0

- 1) Enter the gear ratio in the box (  $\Box$  ) within the Gearbox model name.
- 2) A colored background indicates gear shaft rotation in the same direction as the motor shaft; a white background indicates rotation in the opposite direction.
- 3) The rotating speed is calculated by dividing the motor's synchronous speed (50Hz: 1,500r/min, 60Hz: 1,800r/min) by the gear ratio. The actual speed is 2~20% less than the displayed value, depending on the size of the load. 4) Caculation of N.m  $\rightleftharpoons$  kg/cm X 0.98

### Dimensions





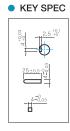
#### GEARBOX OUTPUT SHAFT

MODEL	SPEC
KEY TYPE	35 PO

#### • 32(42.5)-Table3

SIZE(mm)	GEAR RATIO
32	8GBK3BMH - 8GBK18BMH
42.5	8GBK25BMH - 8GBK360BMH

#### WEIGHT



Model	WEIGHT(Kg)
8GBK3BMH ~ 8GBK18BMH	0.48
8GBK25BMH ~ 8GBK30BMH	0,61
8GBK36BMH ~ 8GBK180BMH	0.67
8GBK200BMH ~ 8GBK360BMH	0.63



#### **Parallel Gearbox**

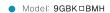
### ⑤ Frame Size 90mm Model: 9GBK□BMH – Max. Permissible Torque

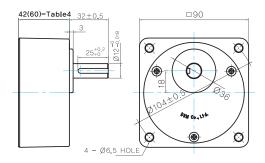
\* These are reference figures when the Gearbox is attached to the induction motor.

	Gear	Ratio	2	3	3.6	5	6	7.5	9	10	12.5	15	18	25	30	36	40	50	60	75	90	100	120	150	180	200
Motor Output	60Hz	w/min	900	600	500	360	300	240	200	180	144	120	100	72	60	50	45	36	30	24	20	18	15	12	10	9
Output	50Hz	1/111111	750	500	417	300	250	200	167	150	120	100	83	60	50	42	38	30	25	20	17	15	13	10	8	7.5
40W	60Hz	kafem	4.6	7.0	8.4	11.6	13.9	17.4	20.9	23.2	29.1	34.9	37.8	52.5	63.0	68.5	76.2	95.2	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
1011	50Hz	Kgrom	5.6	8.5	10.2	14.1	16.9	21.2	25.4	28.2	35.3	42.3	45.9	63.8	76.5	83.2	92.5	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

- 1) Enter the gear ratio in the box ( $\square$ ) within the Gearbox model name.
- 2) A colored background indicates gear shaft rotation in the same direction as the motor shaft; a white background indicates rotation in the opposite direction.
- 3) The rotating speed is calculated by dividing the motor's synchronous speed (50Hz: 1,500r/min, 60Hz: 1,800r/min) by the gear ratio. The actual speed is 2~20% less than the displayed value, depending on the size of the load. 4) Caculation of N.m  $\rightleftharpoons$  kg/cm X 0.98

### Dimensions



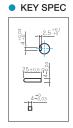


#### GEARBOX OUTPUT SHAFT

MODEL	SPEC
KEY TYPE	35 80 07 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21

#### 42(60)–Table4

SIZE(mm)	GEAR RATIO
42	9GBK2BMH - 9GBK15BMH
60	9GBK18BMH - 9GBK200BMH



#### WEIGHT

Model	WEIGHT(Kg)
9GBK2BMH ~ 9GBK15BMH	0,67
9GBK18BMH ∼ 9GBK30BMH	0.96
9GBK36BMH ∼ 9GBK200BMH	1,07

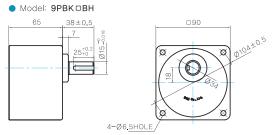
### Gearbox Image

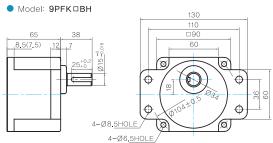




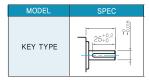


### Dimensions

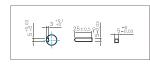




#### MOTOR OUTPUT SHAFT



#### KEY SPEC



#### WEIGHT

Model	WEIGHT(Kg)
9PB(F)K2BH ∼ 9PB(F)K18BH	1.3
9PB(F)K20BH ∼ 9PB(F)K180BH	1.4

### Gearbox Images



9PFK□BH



### 

 $^{\star}$  These are reference figures when the Gearbox is attached to the induction motor.

	Gear	Ratio	2	3	3.6	5	6	7.5	9	12.5	15	18	20
Motor Output	60Hz	r/min	900	600	500	360	300	240	200	144	120	100	90
σαιραί	50Hz	1/111111	750	500	417	300	250	200	167	120	100	83	75
60W	60Hz		7.0	10.5	12.5	17.4	20.9	26.1	31.4	39.4	47.3	56.7	57.1
OOW	50Hz		8.6	12.9	15.5	21.6	25.9	32.4	38.8	48.8	58.5	70.2	70.7
90W	60Hz	kgfcm	11.3	16.9	20.3	28.2	33.9	42.3	50.8	63.8	76.5	91.8	92.5
90W	50Hz	Kgicm	12.3	18.4	22.1	30.7	36.9	46.1	55.3	69.4	83.3	99.9	100.6
120W	60Hz		12.6	18.9	22.7	31.5	37.8	47.3	56.8	71.3	85.5	102.6	103.4
12000	50Hz		16.3	24.4	29.3	40.7	48.8	61.0	73.2	101.7	122.0	146.4	162.7

	Gear	Ratio	25	30	36	40	50	60	75	90	100	120	150	180	200	
Motor Output	60Hz	r/min	72	60	50	45	36	30	24	20	18	15	12	10	6	
Output	50Hz	1/111111	60	50	42	38	30	25	20	17	15	13	10	8	7.5	
60W	60Hz		71.4	85.7	102.8	114.2	142.8	171.4	192.2	200.0	200.0	200.0	200.0	200.0	200.0	
OOW	50Hz	kgfcm	88.4	106.1	127.3	141.4	176.8	200.0	200.0	200.0	200.0	200.0	200.0	200.0	200.0	
90W	60Hz		kgfcm	115.6	138.7	166.5	185.0	200.0	200.0	200.0	200.0	200.0	200.0	200.0	200.0	200.0
90W	50Hz			125.8	151.0	181.2	200.0	200.0	200.0	200.0	200.0	200.0	200.0	200.0	200.0	200.0
120W	60Hz		129.2	155.0	186.0	200.0	200.0	200.0	200.0	200.0	200.0	200.0	200.0	200.0	200.0	
12000	50Hz		200.0	200.0	200.0	200.0	200.0	200.0	200.0	200.0	200.0	200.0	200.0	200.0	200.0	

<sup>1)</sup> Enter the gear ratio in the box (  $\Box$  ) within the Gearbox model name.

2) A colored background indicates gear shaft rotation in the same direction as the motor shaft; a white background indicates rotation in the opposite direction.

3) The rotating speed is calculated by dividing the motor's synchronous speed (50Hz: 1,500r/min, 60Hz: 1,800r/min) by the gear ratio.

The actual speed is 2~20% less than the displayed value, depending on the size of the load.

4) Caculation of N.m  $\rightleftharpoons$  kgfcm X 0.98

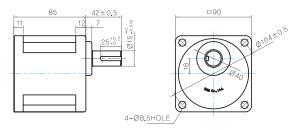


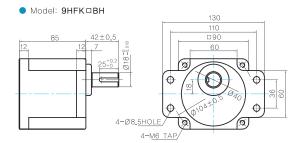
#### **Parallel Gearbox**



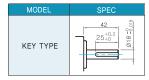
### Dimensions

#### Model: 9HBK□BH

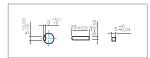




#### MOTOR OUTPUT SHAFT



#### KEY SPEC



#### WEIGHT

Model	WEIGHT(Kg)
9HB(F)K3BH ∼ 9HB(F)K9BH	1.45
9HB(F)K12.5BH ~ 9HB(F)K18BH	1,5
9HB(F)K20BH ~ 9HB(F)K60BH	1.7
9HB(F)K75BH ~ 9HB(F)K180BH	1.8

### Gearbox Images



### 9HBK□BH/9HFK□BH – Max. Permissible Torque

\* These are reference figures when the Gearbox is attached to the induction motor.

	Gear	Ratio	3	3.6	6	9	12.5	15	18	20	25	30	36	50	60	75	90	100	120	150	180	200
Motor Output	60Hz	r/min	600	500	300	200	144	120	100	90	72	60	50	36	30	24	20	18	15	12	10	9
Output	50Hz	1/111111	500	417	250	167	120	100	83	75	60	50	42	30	25	20	17	15	13	10	8	7.5
60W	60Hz		10.5	12.5	20.9	31.4	39.4	47.3	56.7	57.1	71.4	85.7	102.8	142.8	171.4	192.2	230.6	256.2	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0
BOW	50Hz		12.9	15.5	25.9	38.8	48.8	58.5	70.2	70.7	88.4	106.1	127.3	176.8	212.2	237.9	285.5	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0
90W	60Hz		16.9	20.3	33.9	50.8	63.8	76.5	91.8	92.5	115.6	138.7	166.5	231.2	277.4	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0
9000	50Hz		18.4	22.1	36.9	55.3	69.4	83.3	99.9	100.6	125.8	151.0	181.2	251.6	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0
120W	60Hz		18.9	22.7	37.8	56.8	71.3	85.5	102.6	103.4	129.2	155.0	186.0	258.4	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0
12000	50Hz	kafcm	24.4	29.3	48.8	73.2	91.9	110.3	132.3	133.3	166.6	199.9	239.9	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0
150W	60Hz	g.o	24.2	29.0	48.3	72.5	90.9	109.1	131.0	131.9	164.9	197.9	237.5	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0
1300	50Hz		28.1	33.8	56.3	84.4	105.9	127.1	152.6	153.7	192.1	230.5	276.6	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0
180W	60Hz		27.4	32.9	54.8	82.2	103.1	123.8	148.5	149.6	187.0	224.4	269.3	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0
1000	50Hz		34.9	41.8	69.7	104.6	131.3	157.5	189.0	190.4	238.0	285.6	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0
200W	60Hz		32.4	38.8	64.7	97.1	121.9	146.3	175.5	176.8	221.0	265.2	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0
2300	50Hz	37.4	44.8	74.7	112.1	140.6	168.8	202.5	204.0	255.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	300.0	

<sup>1)</sup> Enter the gear ratio in the box (  $\Box$  ) within the Gearbox model name.

2) A colored background indicates gear shaft rotation in the same direction as the motor shaft; a white background indicates rotation in the opposite direction.

3) The rotating speed is calculated by dividing the motor's synchronous speed (50Hz: 1,500r/min, 60Hz: 1,800r/min) by the gear ratio. The actual speed is 2~20% less than the displayed value, depending on the size of the load.

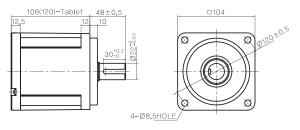
4) Caculation of N.m = kgfcm X 0.98





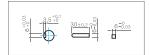
### Dimensions

#### ● Model: 10UBK□BH



#### MOTOR OUTPUT SHAFT

MODEL	SPEC
KEY TYPE	23 <sup>+0.2</sup> 23 <sup>+0.2</sup> 28



#### WEIGHT

	PART	WEIGHT(Kg)
	10UBK3BH ~ 10UBK10BH	2,1
GEAR	10UBK12.5BH ~ 10UBK18BH	2,15
вох	10UBK20BH ~ 10UBK60BH	2.2
	10UBK75BH ~ 10UBK200BH	2,3

### **©** Gearbox Images



### 10UBK□BH – Max. Permissible Torque

#### 400W 3Phase 60HZ

Motor Gea Model Ma	Gearbox		3	3.6	5	6	7.5	9							30		40		60			100	120	150	180
	Model	r/min	600	500	360	300	240	200	180	144	120	100	90	72	60	50	45	36	30	24	20	18	15	12	10
10IDG6-	10UBK =	kgfcm	60	75	100	120	150	180	185	225	275	300	300	300	300	350	350	350	400	400	400	400	400	400	400
400F-T	ВН	N.m	5.88	7.35	9.8	11.76	14.7	17.64	18.13	22.05	26.95	29.4	29.4	29.4	29.4	34.3	34.3	34.3	39.2	39.2	39.2	39.2	39.2	39.2	39.2

#### 300W 3Phase 60HZ

Motor	Gearbox			3.6	5	6	7.5																	150	
Model	Model	r/min	600	500	360	300	240	200	180	144	120	100	90	72	60	50	45	36	30	24	20	18	15	12	10
10IDG6-	10UBK =	kgfcm	60	75	100	120	150	180	185	225	275	300	300	300	300	350	350	350	400	400	400	400	400	400	400
400F-T	ВН	N.m	5.88	7.35	9.8	11.76	14.7	17.64	18.13	22.05	26.95	29.4	29.4	29.4	29.4	34.3	34.3	34.3	39.2	39.2	39.2	39.2	39.2	39.2	39.2

#### 300W 3Phase 50HZ

Motor Model	Gearbox Model	Gear Ratio	3	3.6	5	6	7.5	9	10	12.5	15	18	20	25	30	36	40	50	60	75	90	100	120	150	180
Model	Model	r/min	500	417	300	250	200	167	150	120	100	83	75	60	50	42	37.5	30	25	20	16.7	15	12.5	10	8
10IDG6-	10UBK =	kgfcm	55	70	95	110	140	170	170	210	250	270	300	300	300	350	350	350	400	400	400	400	400	400	400
300F-T	BH	N.m	5.39	6.86	9.31	10.78	13.72	16.66	16.66	20.58	24.5	26.46	29.4	29.4	29.4	34.3	34.3	34.3	39.2	39.2	39.2	39.2	39.2	39.2	39.2

#### 250W 3Phase 50HZ

Motor Model	Gearbox Model																								
Model	Model	r/min	500	417	300	250	200	167	150	120	100	83	75	60	50	42	37.5	30	25	20	16.7	15	12.5	10	8
10IDG6-	10UBK =	kgfcm	50	60	80	100	120	145	150	185	220	240	270	335	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400
250F-T	BH	N.m	4.9	5.88	7.84	9.8	11.76	14.21	14.7	18.13	21.56	23.52	26.46	32.83	39.2	39.2	39.2	39.2	39.2	39.2	39.2	39.2	39.2	39.2	39.2

- 1.10IDG6-400F : 3Phase 220/380V 60Hz 2.10IDG7-300F : 3Phase 230/400V 50Hz 3.10IDG8-300F : 3Phase 440V 50Hz 4.10IDGE-250F : 1Phase 220V 50Hz 5.10IDGD-300F : 1Phase 220V 60Hz

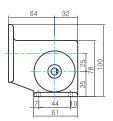


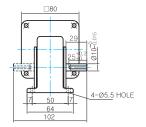
**Worm Gearbox** 

# WType Worm Solid Type Gearbox

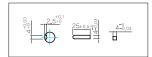
### **(iii)** Dimensions

Model: 8WD□BL/BR/BRL





KEY SPEC



<ul><li>WEIGHT</li></ul>
--------------------------

Model	WEIGHT(Kg)					
8WD□BL/BR/BRL	0.67					

### 

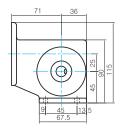
\* These are reference figures when the Gearbox is attached to the induction motor.

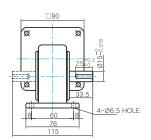
		Gear	Gear Ratio		12	15	18	25	30	36	50	60
	Motor Output	60Hz	r/min	180	150	120	100	72	60	50	36	30
	Output	50Hz	1/111111	150	125	100	83	60	50	42	30	25
	15W	60Hz		9.8	11.5	13.9	16.0	21.0	23.8	27.6	36.0	39.6
	25W	50Hz	kgfcm	11.5	13.4	16.2	18.6	24.5	27.7	32.3	42.0	46.2
		60Hz		14.8	17.3	20.8	24.0	31.5	35.6	41.5	54.0	59.4
		50Hz		18.0	21.1	25.4	29.3	38.5	43.6	50.7	66.0	72.6

- 1) Enter the gear ratio in the box (  $\square$  ) within the Gearbox model name.
- 2) The rotating speed is calculated by dividing the motor's synchronous speed (50Hz: 1,500r/min, 60Hz: 1,800r/min) by the gear ratio. The actual speed is 2~20% less than the displayed value, depending on the size of the load.
- 3) Caculation of N.m ≒ kgfcm X 0.98

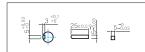
### Dimensions

Model: 9WD□BL/BR/BRL





#### KEY SPEC



<ul><li>WEIGHT</li></ul>
--------------------------

Model	WEIGHT(Kg)					
9WD□BL/BR/BRL	1.0					

### 

\* These are reference figures when the Gearbox is attached to the induction motor.

	Gear	Ratio	10	12	15	18	25	30	36	50	60
Motor Output	60Hz	r/min	180	150	120	100	72	60	50	36	30
Output	50Hz		150	125	100	83	60	50	42	30	25
40W	60Hz	kgfcm	23.0	26.9	32.3	37.3	49.0	55.4	64.5	84.0	92.4
4000	50Hz		27.9	32.6	39.3	45.3	59.5	67.3	78.3	102.0	112.2
60W	60Hz		34.4	40.3	48.5	55.9	73.5	83.2	96.8	126.0	122.4
OOW	50Hz		42.6	49.9	60.1	69.3	91.0	103.0	119.8	142.9	122.4
90W	60Hz		55.8	65.3	78.5	90.6	119.0	134.6	153.1	142.9	122.4
90W	50Hz		60.7	71.0	85.5	98.6	129.5	146.5	153.1	142.9	122.4
120W	60Hz		62.3	73.0	87.8	101.2	133.0	150.5	153.1	142.9	122.4
12000	50Hz		80.4	94.1	113.2	130.5	142.9	163.3	153.1	142.9	122.4

- 1) Enter the gear ratio in the box (  $\square$  ) within the Gearbox model name.
- 2) The rotating speed is calculated by dividing the motor's synchronous speed (50Hz: 1,500r/min, 60Hz: 1,800r/min) by the gear ratio. The actual speed is 2~20% less than the displayed value, depending on the size of the load.
- 3) Caculation of N.m  $\stackrel{.}{=}$  kgfcm X 0.98

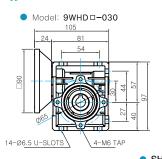
### Gearbox Images

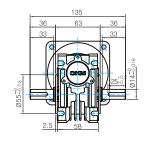


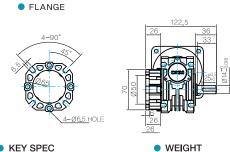




### Dimensions



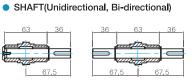


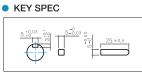












Model	WEIGHT(Kg)
9WHD□-030	1,13

\* The output flange and shafts are sold separately.

### **(a)** 9WHD□-030 – Max. Permissible Torque

 $\ensuremath{^{\star}}$  These are reference figures when the Gearbox is attached to the induction motor.

	Gear	Ratio	7.5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60	80
Motor Output	60Hz	r/min	240	180	120	90	72	60	45	36	30	22
output	50Hz	17111111	200	150	100	75	60	50	38	30	25	18
60W	60Hz		26.5	34.0	47.9	60.5	69.3	80.6	99.1	113.4	126.0	132.7
OOW	50Hz		32.8	42.1	59.3	74.9	85.8	99.8	122.7	140.4	156.0	132.7
90W	60Hz		42.8	55.1	77.5	97.9	112.2	130.6	160.5	173.5	163.3	132.7
90W	50Hz	kgfcm -	46.6	59.9	84.4	106.6	122.1	142.1	174.6	173.5	163.3	132.7
120W	60Hz		47.9	61.6	86.6	109.4	125.4	145.9	179.4	173.5	163.3	132.7
12000	50Hz		61.7	79.4	111.7	141.1	161.7	188.2	183.7	173.5	163.3	132.7
150W	60Hz		61.1	78.6	110.6	139.7	160.1	186.2	183.7	173.5	163.3	132.7
15000	50Hz		71.2	91.5	128.8	162.7	186.5	204.1	183.7	173.5	163.3	132.7
180W	60Hz		69.3	89.1	125.4	158.4	181.5	204.1	183.7	173.5	163.3	132.7
180W	50Hz		88.2	113.4	159.6	183.7	214.3	204.1	183.7	173.5	163.3	132.7
200W	60Hz		81.9	105.3	148.2	183.7	214.3	204.1	183.7	173.5	163.3	132.7
200W	50Hz		94.5	121.5	171.0	183.7	214.3	204.1	183.7	173.5	163.3	132.7





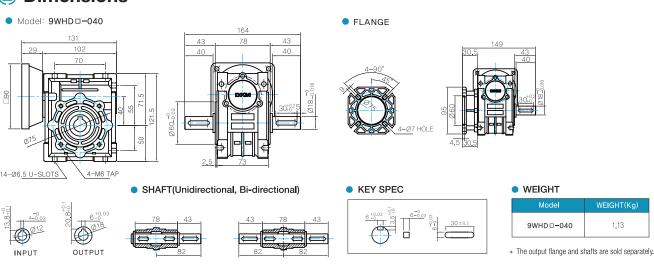
- 1) Enter the gear ratio in the box (  $\Box$  ) within the Gearbox model name. 2) The rotating speed is calculated by dividing the motor's synchronous speed (50Hz: 1,500r/min, 60Hz: 1,800r/min) by the gear ratio. The actual speed is  $2\sim20\%$  less than the displayed value, depending on the size of the load.
- 3) Caculation of N.m  $\doteq$  kgfcm X 0.98

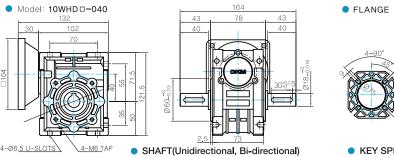


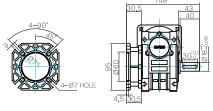
**Worm Gearbox** 

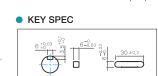
# Type Worm Hollow Type Gearbox

### Dimensions











1.13

#### \* The output flange and shafts are sold separately.

### (iii) 10WHD □ - 040 - Max. Permissible Torque

 $\ensuremath{^{\star}}$  These are reference figures when the Gearbox is attached to the induction motor.

Motor	Gear	Ratio	7.5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60	80	100
Output	60Hz	r/min	200	150	100	75	60	50	37.5	30	25	18.75	15
output	50Hz	1/111111	240	180	120	90	72	60	45	36	30	22.5	18
250W	60Hz	kgfcm	100	130	190	240	290	325	305	-	-	-	-
25000	50Hz	N.m	9.80	12.70	18.60	23.50	28.40	31.80	29.90	-	-	-	-
300W	60Hz	kgfcm	115	150	215	275	335	375	350	-	-	-	-
300W	50Hz	N.m	11.20	14.70	21.00	26.90	32.80	36.70	34.30	-	-	-	-
300W	60Hz	kgfcm	95	125	175	225	270	300	285	-	-	-	-
300W	50Hz	N.m	9.30	12.20	17.10	22.00	26.40	29.40	27.90	-	-	-	-
400W	60Hz	kgfcm	125	160	230	295	355	395	375	-	-	-	-
400W	50Hz	N.m	12.20	15.60	22.50	28.90	34.80	38.70	36.70	-	-	-	-





<sup>1)</sup> Enter the gear ratio in the box (  $\Box$  ) within the Gearbox model name.

<sup>2)</sup> The rotating speed is calculated by dividing the motor's synchronous speed (50Hz: 1,500r/min, 60Hz: 1,800r/min) by the gear ratio. The actual speed is 2~20% less than the displayed value, depending on the size of the load.

3) Caculation of N.m \(\sim \text{kgfcm X 0.98}\)



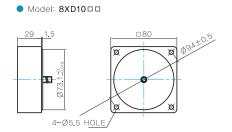
#### **Inter-decimal Gearbox**

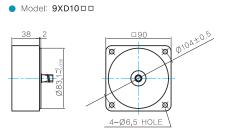
## nter-decimal Gearbox

Frame Size 80mm Model: 8XD10 □ □
Frame Size 90mm Model: 9XD10 □ □

- In case of requiring high gear reduction ratio that cannot be generated by single Gearbox, please use Inter-decimal Gearbox with general Gearbox. And please be advised that in this case only revolution speed of output shaft will reduce by 10:1 without increasing of maximum permissible torque.
- ullet Enter the model type of attaching Gearbox (G/P/Z) in the box  $\square$  within the model name.

### **©** Dimensions





WEIGHT(Kg)
0.44
0.5

### Gearbox Image

